Experiment 7   Section   5

Problem 7.1
Table 7.13: Experimental Outcomes: Session 2

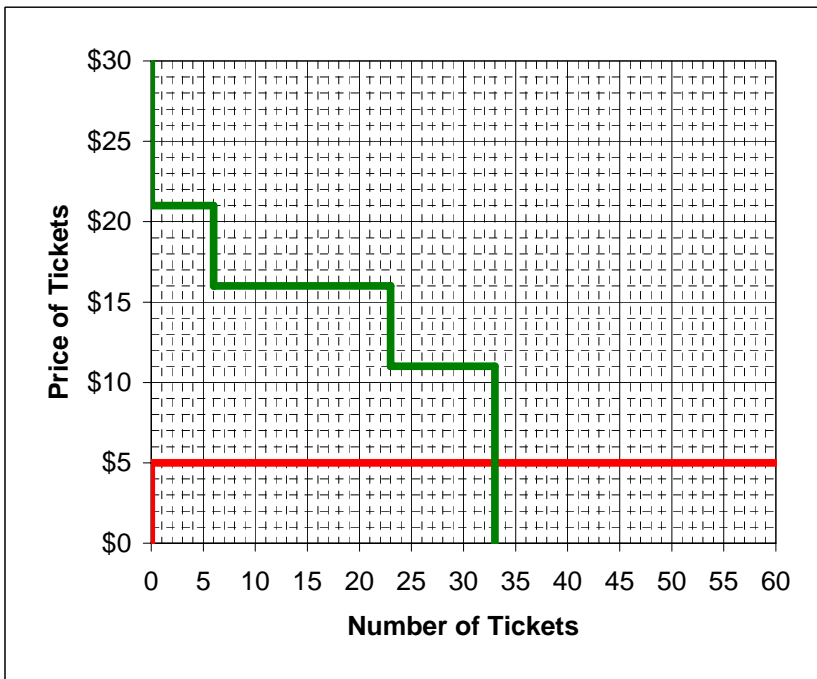|	
Mean Price	$15.00
Total Number of Units Sold	22
Total Profits of All Firms	$220.00
Total Consumers' Surplus	$47.00
Sum of Firms' Profits and Consumers' Surplus	$267.00

Problem 7.2
Part a)

At prices below $5, how many units will the firm supply?	0
At prices above $5, how many units will the firm supply?	100

Parts b and c)
Figure 7.6: Competitive Supply and Demand

Problem 7.3
Table 7.14: Competitive Predictions

Mean Price	$5
Total Number of Units Sold	33
Total Profits of All Firms	$0
Total Consumers' Surplus	$343
Sum of Firms' Profits and Consumers' Surplus	$343

Problem 7.4
Table 7.15: Monopoly Predictions
Mean Price $15
Total Number of Units Sold   23
Total Profits of All Firms $230
Total Consumers' Surplus $53
Sum of Firms' Profits and
Consumers' Surplus $283

Problem 7.5
Which of the two theories comes closer to predicting
the results of Session 2?   Monopoly Theory

Problem 7.6
Table 7.16: Experimental Outcomes: Session 3
Mean Price $10.48
Total Number of Units Sold   33
Total Profits of All Firms $181.00
Total Consumers' Surplus $167.00
Sum of Firms' Profits and
Consumers Surplus $348.00

Problem 7.7
Which of the two theories comes closer to predicting
the results of Session 3?   Competitive Equilibrium Theory

Problem 7.8
Table 7.17: Experimental Outcomes: Session 4
Mean Price $12.93
Total Number of Units Sold   29
Total Profits of All Firms $230.00
Total Consumers' Surplus $89.00
Sum of Firms' Profits and
Consumers' Surplus $319.00

Problem 7.9
Part a) In which session did firms make larger profits?   Session 4

Part b) In which session was total consumers' surplus larger?   Session 4

Part c) In which session was the sum of firms' profits and
consumers' surplus larger?   Session 4

Problem 7.10
Part a) The market efficiency of the experimental outcome in Session 2 =   78%

Part b) The market efficiency of the theoretically predicted outcome for
a profit-maximizing monopoly in Session 2 =   83%